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Emerging Role of the CB₂ Cannabinoid Receptor in Immune Regulation and Therapeutic Prospects

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G. A. Cabral and L. Griffin-Thomas

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There is now a large body of data that indicates that the CB₂ cannabinoid receptor type 2 (CB₂) is linked to a variety of immune functional events. This functional relevance appears to be most salient in the course of inflammation, a process during which there is an increased number of receptors that are available for activation. Studies aimed at elucidating signal transductional events resulting from CB₂ interaction with its native ligands, and of the role of exogenous cannabinoids in modulating this process, are providing novel insights into the role of the CB₂ in maintaining a homeostatic immune balance within the host. Furthermore, these studies suggest that the CB₂ may serve as a selective molecular target for therapeutic manipulation of untoward immune responses including those associated with a variety of neuropathies that exhibit a hyperinflammatory component.